

CITY OF WILMORE
Wilmore, Kentucky

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2024

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Mayor and City Council
City of Wilmore
Wilmore, Kentucky

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Wilmore, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Wilmore, Kentucky's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Wilmore, Kentucky, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Wilmore, Kentucky and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Wilmore, Kentucky's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Wilmore, Kentucky's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Wilmore, Kentucky's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and pension and OPEB schedules on pages 4-11 and 40-52 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Wilmore, Kentucky's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Prior-Year Comparative Information

We have previously audited the City of Wilmore's, Kentucky's financial statements, and we expressed unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information in our report dated November 15, 2023. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023 is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 22, 2024, on our consideration of the City of Wilmore, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Wilmore, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Wilmore, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

RFH

RFH, PLLC
Lexington, Kentucky
November 22, 2024

City of Wilmore, Kentucky

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Our discussion and analysis of the City of Wilmore's financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. Please read the following in conjunction with the auditors' report on pages 1 through 3 and the City's financial statements, which begin to appear on page 12.

OVERVIEW OF THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of the management's discussion and analysis report, the independent auditors' report, the basic financial statements of the City, the independent auditors' report in accordance with Government Auditing Standards, and the independent auditor's report required by the Uniform Guidance. The financial statements also include notes that explain in more detail some of the information in the financial statements.

The City's financial statements present two kinds of statements, each with a different snapshot of the City's finances. The focus is both the City as a whole (government-wide) and the fund financial statements. The government-wide financial statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial status. The fund financial statements focus on the individual funds of the City, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. Both perspectives (government-wide and fund) allow the user to address relevant questions, broaden the basis of comparison (year to year or government to government) and enhance the City's accountability.

GOVERNMENT – WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide statements report information about the City as a whole, using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. One of the most important questions asked about the City's finances is "Is the City as a whole better off or worse off as a result of this year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the City's activities in a way that will help answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenditures are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the net position of the City and the changes in them. One can think of the City's net position—the resources the City has left over after its debts are settled—as one way to measure financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health or position is improving or deteriorating. However, one will need to consider other non-financial factors such as changes in economic conditions, population growth, changes in property tax rates or valuation, infrastructure asset condition, and new or changed government legislation.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the City into two kinds of activities:

Governmental activities—Most of the City’s basic services are reported here, including general government administration, police, fire, streets, parks and recreation, community development and cemetery. Property taxes, licenses and permits (including insurance and franchise fees), and grants finance most of these activities.

Business-type activities—The City collects fees from customers to cover the costs of the services provided by the water and sewer utility system and solid waste collection and disposal. The City also includes the collection of occupational taxes (payroll and net profits) as business type activities since occupational taxes are directed by ordinance to be used to pay off any current debt outstanding related to the water and sewer system.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Traditional users of government financial statements will find the fund financial statement presentation more familiar. The focus is now on the City’s funds. The fund financial statements provide more information about the City’s funds and not the City as a whole.

The City has two kinds of funds:

Governmental Fund—Most of the City’s basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets, that can readily be converted to cash, flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps the reader determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City’s programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, additional information is provided at the bottom of the governmental funds statements that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.

Proprietary Fund—Services for which the City charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

NET POSITION

Our analysis begins with a summary of the City's Statement of Net Position, which is presented on Table A-1 followed by an explanation of the results. Changes in Net Position are presented in Table A-2, which is also followed by an explanation of the results.

Table A-1

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	2024 Total Primary Government	2023 Total Primary Government
Current and Other Assets	\$ 2,395,394	\$ 1,638,404	\$ 4,033,798	\$ 7,768,816
Capital Assets	6,609,787	11,243,992	17,853,779	17,928,994
Deferred Outflows	<u>537,331</u>	<u>332,820</u>	<u>870,151</u>	<u>1,090,889</u>
Total Assets & Deferred Outflows	<u>9,542,512</u>	<u>13,215,216</u>	<u>22,757,728</u>	<u>26,788,699</u>
Long-Term Debt Outstanding	998,499	4,124,112	5,122,611	5,174,782
Net Pension Liability	2,521,527	1,444,543	3,966,070	4,700,517
Net OPEB Liability	65,202	-	65,202	1,295,800
Current Liabilities	<u>656,095</u>	<u>471,043</u>	<u>1,127,138</u>	<u>1,251,560</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>4,168,101</u>	<u>5,911,889</u>	<u>10,079,990</u>	<u>12,422,659</u>
Deferred Inflows	<u>1,447,654</u>	<u>727,522</u>	<u>2,175,176</u>	<u>910,100</u>
Net Position:				
Net investment in capital assets	5,611,288	7,119,880	12,731,168	12,570,327
Restricted	276,877	845,557	1,122,434	1,355,926
Unrestricted	<u>(889,605)</u>	<u>1,352,541</u>	<u>(462,936)</u>	<u>(470,313)</u>
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 4,998,560</u>	<u>\$ 9,317,978</u>	<u>\$ 14,316,538</u>	<u>\$ 13,455,940</u>

Assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$14,316,538 which is the net position of the City at June 30, 2024. Comparing the net position of the City at June 30, 2024, to June 30, 2023, reflects an increase of \$860,598 (approximately 0.6%) in the financial condition of the City resulting from current year activities (presented in Table A-2). The net position of \$14,316,538 consists of three parts: 1) \$12,731,168 is invested in capital assets, less any related debt still outstanding that was issued to acquire those items, 2) \$1,122,434 are resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they must be used, and 3) \$(462,936) is unrestricted resources (deficit).

Table A-2

Condensed Statement of Activities

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	2024 Total Primary Government	2023 Total Primary Government
Revenues				
<u>Program Revenues</u>				
Charges for Service	\$ 204,206	\$ 2,436,017	\$ 2,640,223	\$ 2,591,162
Operating Grants & Contributions	229,702	-	229,702	235,951
Capital Grants & Contributions	127,411	-	127,411	827,638
<u>General Revenue</u>				
Taxes	719,962	-	719,962	674,475
License Fees	968,536	1,529,729	2,498,265	2,348,493
Investment Earnings	22,879	64,397	87,276	49,886
Other Revenues	24,298	56,632	80,930	118,096
Total Revenue	<u>1,735,675</u>	<u>1,650,758</u>	<u>3,386,433</u>	<u>6,730,188</u>
Program Expenses				
General Government	535,846	-	535,843	657,942
Public Safety-Police	702 127	-	702 127	1,089,722
Public Safety-Fire	209 844	-	209 844	266,554
Public Works-Streets	447 225	-	447 225	671,825
Community Development	102,932	-	102,932	157,218
Parks and Recreation	77,837	-	77,837	224,903
Cemetery	15,031	-	15,031	61,653
Interest on Long-Term Debt	39,726	-	39,726	21,488
Sewer and Water	-	299,896	299,896	2,152,197
Sanitation	-	103,371	103,371	568,212
Total Program Expenses	<u>2,130,568</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,533,835</u>	<u>5,871,714</u>
Change in Net Position before transfers and gain on disposal of capital assets	(394,893)	1,247,491	852,598	(858,474)
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	8,000	-	8,000	300
Transfers	<u>1,100,000</u>	<u>(1,100,000)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	<u>\$ 713,107</u>	<u>\$ 147,491</u>	<u>\$ 860,598</u>	<u>\$ (858,774)</u>

The City's change in net position above appears to be analogous to the long-standing concept of net revenues, but under the full accrual basis utilized by the Governmental Activities, these numbers include dollars of "paper" depreciation expenses that are not cash expenditures of the City. Therefore, these "paper" bookkeeping entries are never considered as part of the City's budget process. Additionally, the principal portions of debt obligations are excluded from the above but are reflected as debt service expenditures along with capital outlay expenditures in the City's budget for governmental activities.

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Table A-3 details a condensed statement of the fiscal year's governmental activities.

Table A-3

<u>Condensed Governmental Activities – Revenues & Expenditures</u>		
	2024	2023
Taxes	\$ 719,963	\$ 671,275
Licenses and permits	960,611	908,570
Charges for Services	134,240	124,750
Fines & Forfeits	1,560	1,971
Intergovernmental	357,096	958,167
Other Revenues	<u>129,687</u>	<u>131,889</u>
Total Revenues	<u>2,303,157</u>	<u>2,796,622</u>
General Government	637,441	613,570
Public safety-Police	1,057,062	1,085,197
Public safety-Fire	151,077	157,286
Public works-Streets	462,531	518,391
Community Development	138,685	157,218
Parks and Recreation	225,989	198,242
Cemetery	50,665	57,311
Capital Outlay	642,509	1,895,332
Debt Services	<u>137,200</u>	<u>89,996</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>3,503,159</u>	<u>4,772,722</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures before other financial revenues	<u>\$ (1,200,002)</u>	<u>\$ (1,976,100)</u>

The bottom number of Table A-3 above should not be confused with the end-of-year "Fund Balances" figure shown in the City's Governmental Funds Statements, because the above figure does not reflect the Governmental Funds beginning-of-year balances, any debt proceeds received or the annual transfer the City makes of excess 2% occupational license fees after the occupational license fees are first applied to paying off principal and interest on water and sewer bonds outstanding and funding required reserves.

BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS

Over the course of the fiscal year, the City amended the budget. Amendments were made after the beginning of the fiscal year to reflect the actual beginning balances after the beginning of said fiscal year or due to unusual events that occurred during the fiscal year. The budget contains proposed expenditures and expected revenues. A comparison of the final amended budget to actual amounts for governmental activities is presented in Tables A-4 and A-5.

Table A-4
Condensed General Fund - Revenues

	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance</u>
Taxes	\$ 714,397	\$ 719,963	\$ 5,566
Licenses and permits	921,000	960,611	39,611
Intergovernmental	296,447	270,686	(25,761)
Fines & Forfeits	1,500	1,560	60
Charges for Service	91,000	94,790	3,790
Other Revenues	<u>130,290</u>	<u>126,624</u>	<u>(3,666)</u>
 Total Revenues	 <u>\$ 2,154,634</u>	 <u>\$ 2,174,234</u>	 <u>\$ 19,600</u>

Table A-5
Condensed General Fund – Expenditures

	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance</u>
General Government	\$ 668,636	\$ 637,441	\$ (31,195)
Public safety-Police	1,102,873	1,057,062	(45,811)
Public safety-Fire	163,546	151,077	(12,469)
Public works-Streets	466,747	448,400	(18,347)
Community Development	147,561	138,685	(8,876)
Parks and Recreation	225,419	225,989	570
Capital Outlay	321,699	243,458	(78,241)
Debt Service	<u>138,000</u>	<u>137,200</u>	<u>(800)</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>\$ 3,234,481</u>	<u>\$ 3,039,312</u>	<u>\$ (195,169)</u>

The City budgeted for a total of \$2,154,634 in revenues for 2023-2024 but ended up having revenues of \$2,174,234. A total of \$3,234,481 was budgeted for expenditures, but actual expenditures were \$3,039,312 at year end. The City budgets conservatively to guard against unexpected economic downturn and unknown / unplanned expense such as storms, the price of gas, etc. The City also attempts to eliminate unnecessary expenditures and reduce costs whenever possible. The City was over budget on revenues received by \$19,600 or 9.1 percent and was over budget on expenditures by \$195,169 or 6.0 percent. This table reflects only General Fund activities which exclude cemetery and municipal road aid.

CAPITAL ASSETS

Table A-1 showed summary totals of depreciated capital assets for both governmental and business-type activities. Table A-6 shows the detailed breakdown of non-depreciated capital assets for both governmental and business-type activities.

Table A-6**Capital Assets at Year End Without Depreciation**

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	2024 Total Primary Government	2023 Total Primary Government
Land & Improvements	\$ 525,328	\$ 1,727,365	\$ 617,149	\$ 2,252,693
Infrastructure	4,988,938	-	4,988,938	4,665,099
Building & Improvements	951,347	-	2,678,712	925,647
Vehicles	2,996,727	1,150,988	4,283,523	4,013,098
Equipment	519,499	666,955	2,337,440	1,134,382
Plant & Water System	-	9,965,888	9,965,888	9,965,888
Plant & Sewer System	-	9,562,638	9,562,638	9,562,638
Construction in Progress	<u>762,325</u>	<u>22,012</u>	<u>784,337</u>	<u>660,527</u>
Total Capital Assets	<u>\$ 10,744,164</u>	<u>\$ 23,095,846</u>	<u>\$ 33,840,008</u>	<u>\$ 33,179,972</u>

Total capital assets increased by \$660,036 (\$704,193 in additions and \$44,157 of disposals.) Additions include a Dodge Ram, utility truck, Phase 2 of SCADA telemetry project, new roof on public works building, 3 police cruisers, public works truck, 60" mower, street paving project, bridge at Centennial Park, and CIP projects.

DEBT

Table A-7 provides a summary of all of the City's outstanding indebtedness and includes both short-term and long-term debt but excludes interest to be paid.

Table A-7

<u>Debt Outstanding at Year End</u>	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	2024 Total Primary Government	2023 Total Primary Government
Bonds & Loans	\$ 998,499	\$ 4,124,112	\$ 5,122,611	5,358,667
Net pension liability	2,521,527	1,444,543	4,877,106	4,700,517
Net OPEB liability	65,202	-	65,202	1,295,800
Compensated Absences	<u>28,714</u>	<u>15,760</u>	<u>44,474</u>	<u>139,141</u>
Total Debt Outstanding	<u>\$ 3,613,942</u>	<u>\$ 5,584,415</u>	<u>\$ 9,198,357</u>	<u>\$ 11,494,125</u>

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS

The Mayor and City Council considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2024-2025 budget. Some of the factors are the local economy, expected grant money, and anticipated tax revenue. The City's primary source of revenue is the 2% occupational license fee. The occupational license fees are first applied to paying off principal and interest on the water and sewer bonds outstanding and funding required reserves, and any excess can be used to cover general fund operations.

The 2023-24 budget also funds the following capital additions: parking improvements at City Hall, a sidewalk project, a new bridge at Centennial Park, two utility trucks, and a sewer project.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide the citizens of the City, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Lori Vahle, Finance Director/Treasurer, 210 South Lexington Avenue, Wilmore, Kentucky 40390.

CITY OF WILMORE, KENTUCKY
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
June 30, 2024

	Primary Government			2023
	Governmental	Business-type	Total	Totals
	Activities	Activities		
ASSETS				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,395,394	\$ 1,638,404	\$ 4,033,798	\$ 4,507,456
Investments - certificates of deposit	287,855	63,000	350,855	68,000
Receivables, net	392,258	692,740	1,084,998	1,063,723
Grant receivable	35,571	-	35,571	-
Interest receivable	623	23,349	23,972	24,432
Internal balances	339,078	(339,078)	-	-
Prepaid expenses	10,996	-	10,996	11,273
Inventories	5,422	50,251	55,673	50,907
Total current assets	<u>3,467,197</u>	<u>2,128,666</u>	<u>5,595,863</u>	<u>5,725,791</u>
Noncurrent assets				
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	-	557,829	557,829	1,088,025
Restricted investments - certificates of deposit	-	1,663,000	1,663,000	955,000
Net OPEB asset	-	31,082	31,082	-
Capital assets:				
Land and improvements, net	525,328	91,821	617,149	2,252,693
Construction in progress	762,325	22,012	784,337	660,527
Depreciable plants and utility systems, net	-	9,737,182	9,737,182	8,171,211
Depreciable buildings, property, and equipment, net	5,322,134	1,392,977	6,715,111	4,342,545
Total noncurrent assets	<u>6,609,787</u>	<u>13,495,903</u>	<u>20,105,690</u>	<u>19,972,019</u>
Total assets	<u>10,076,984</u>	<u>15,624,569</u>	<u>25,701,553</u>	<u>25,697,810</u>
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred outflows - pension	403,754	235,219	638,973	640,924
Deferred outflows - OPEB	133,577	97,601	231,178	449,965
Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>537,331</u>	<u>332,820</u>	<u>870,151</u>	<u>1,090,889</u>
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	<u>\$ 10,614,315</u>	<u>\$ 15,957,389</u>	<u>\$ 26,571,704</u>	<u>\$ 26,788,699</u>
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 120,239	\$ 99,879	\$ 220,118	\$ 199,873
Unearned grant revenue	390,361	-	390,361	542,491
Compensated absences, current	42,040	36,604	78,644	86,159
Payable from restricted assets:				
Accrued interest payable	1,519	33,618	35,137	36,302
Utility deposits and other	-	157,373	157,373	149,868
Current portion of long-term obligations	101,936	143,569	245,505	236,867
Total current liabilities	<u>656,095</u>	<u>471,043</u>	<u>1,127,138</u>	<u>1,251,560</u>
Noncurrent liabilities				
Compensated absences, noncurrent	28,714	15,760	44,474	52,982
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations	896,563	3,980,543	4,877,106	5,121,800
Net pension liability	2,521,527	1,444,543	3,966,070	4,700,517
Net OPEB liability	65,202	-	65,202	1,295,800
Total noncurrent liabilities	<u>3,512,006</u>	<u>5,440,846</u>	<u>8,952,852</u>	<u>11,171,099</u>
Total liabilities	<u>4,168,101</u>	<u>5,911,889</u>	<u>10,079,990</u>	<u>12,422,659</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred inflows - pension	582,096	207,131	789,227	388,173
Deferred inflows - OPEB	865,558	520,391	1,385,949	521,927
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>1,447,654</u>	<u>727,522</u>	<u>2,175,176</u>	<u>910,100</u>
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	5,611,288	7,119,880	12,731,168	12,570,327
Restricted for				
Debt service	-	471,755	471,755	458,892
Special purposes	276,877	373,802	650,679	897,034
Unrestricted	(889,605)	1,352,541	462,936	(470,313)
Total net position	<u>4,998,560</u>	<u>9,317,978</u>	<u>14,316,538</u>	<u>13,455,940</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	<u>\$ 10,614,315</u>	<u>\$ 15,957,389</u>	<u>\$ 26,571,704</u>	<u>\$ 26,788,699</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral
part of the financial statements.

CITY OF WILMORE, KENTUCKY
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
for the year ended June 30, 2024

Functions/Programs	Program Revenues				Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position			2023 Total
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	
Primary government:								
Governmental activities								
General government	\$ 599,664	\$ 35,653	\$ 28,165	\$ -	\$ (535,846)	\$ -	\$ (535,846)	\$ (627,943)
Public safety-Police	854,649	1,560	45,548	105,414	(702,127)	-	(702,127)	(666,806)
Public safety-Fire	244,841	-	13,000	21,997	(209,844)	-	(209,844)	299,260
Public works-Streets	536,643	-	89,418	-	(447,225)	-	(447,225)	(593,851)
Community development	138,685	32,753	3,000	-	(102,932)	-	(102,932)	(87,848)
Parks and recreation	223,198	94,790	50,571	-	(77,837)	-	(77,837)	(119,928)
Cemetery	54,481	39,450	-	-	(15,031)	-	(15,031)	(26,878)
Interest on long-term debt	39,726	-	-	-	(39,726)	-	(39,726)	(21,488)
Total governmental activities	<u>2,691,887</u>	<u>204,206</u>	<u>229,702</u>	<u>127,411</u>	<u>(2,130,568)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(2,130,568)</u>	<u>(1,845,482)</u>
Business-type activities:								
Water and Sewer	1,325,240	1,025,344	-	-	-	(299,896)	(299,896)	(238,768)
Sanitation	1,514,044	1,410,673	-	-	-	(103,371)	(103,371)	(132,713)
Total business-type activities	<u>2,839,284</u>	<u>2,436,017</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(403,267)</u>	<u>(403,267)</u>	<u>(371,481)</u>
Total primary government	<u>\$ 5,531,171</u>	<u>\$ 2,640,223</u>	<u>\$ 229,702</u>	<u>\$ 127,411</u>	<u>(2,130,568)</u>	<u>(403,267)</u>	<u>(2,533,835)</u>	<u>(2,216,963)</u>

General revenues:

Taxes:				
Property taxes, levied for general purposes	719,962	-	719,962	674,475
License fees:				
Franchise	197,916	-	197,916	203,065
Occupational license fees	12,205	1,529,729	1,541,934	1,439,923
Insurance premiums	741,108	-	741,108	681,390
ABC fees	9,807	-	9,807	13,615
Impact fees	7,500	-	7,500	10,500
Investment earnings	22,879	64,397	87,276	49,886
Miscellaneous	24,298	56,632	80,930	2,583
Total general revenues	<u>1,735,675</u>	<u>1,650,758</u>	<u>3,386,433</u>	<u>3,075,437</u>
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	8,000	-	8,000	300
Transfers in (out)	<u>1,100,000</u>	<u>(1,100,000)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total general revenues and transfers	<u>2,843,675</u>	<u>550,758</u>	<u>3,394,433</u>	<u>3,075,737</u>
Change in Net Position	713,107	147,491	860,598	858,774
Net position-beginning	<u>4,285,453</u>	<u>9,170,487</u>	<u>13,455,940</u>	<u>12,597,166</u>
NET POSITION-ENDING	<u>\$ 4,998,560</u>	<u>\$ 9,317,978</u>	<u>\$ 14,316,538</u>	<u>\$ 13,455,940</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral
part of the financial statements.

CITY OF WILMORE, KENTUCKY
BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
June 30, 2024

	<u>General</u>	<u>Other Governmental Funds</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>	<u>2023 Totals</u>
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,382,337	\$ 13,057	\$ 2,395,394	\$ 3,068,660
Investments - certificates of deposit	241,000	46,855	287,855	5,000
Receivables, net	357,959	16,599	374,558	362,684
Grant receivable	35,571	-	35,571	-
Interest receivable	623	-	623	7
Due from other funds	425,038	-	425,038	310,407
Prepaid expense	10,996	-	10,996	10,728
Inventories	5,422	-	5,422	4,043
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 3,458,946</u>	<u>\$ 76,511</u>	<u>\$ 3,535,457</u>	<u>\$ 3,761,529</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 120,239	\$ -	\$ 120,239	\$ 101,845
Due to other funds	1,868	84,092	85,960	73,895
Compensated absences	42,040	-	42,040	48,276
Unearned grant revenue	390,361	-	390,361	542,491
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total liabilities	<u>554,508</u>	<u>84,092</u>	<u>638,600</u>	<u>766,507</u>
Deferred Inflow of Resources				
Unavailable revenue	99,259	-	99,259	105,422
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total deferred inflow of resources	<u>99,259</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>99,259</u>	<u>105,422</u>
Fund balance				
Unassigned	2,640,799	(37,237)	2,603,562	2,457,019
Restricted - Impact fees	145,912	-	145,912	136,530
Restricted - Street	-	29,656	29,656	271,189
Restricted - Opioid Settlement	2,050	-	2,050	10,091
Nonspendable	16,418	-	16,418	14,771
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total fund balance	<u>2,805,179</u>	<u>(7,581)</u>	<u>2,797,598</u>	<u>2,889,600</u>
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total liabilities and fund balance	<u>\$ 3,458,946</u>	<u>\$ 76,511</u>	<u>\$ 3,535,457</u>	<u>\$ 3,761,529</u>
Total fund balance - total governmental funds				
			\$ 2,797,598	\$ 2,889,600
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of net position are different because:				
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.				
			6,609,787	6,252,150
Long-term property tax receivables are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.				
			17,700	17,700
Accrued interest on long-term debt is not reported in the funds.				
			(1,519)	(1,666)
Unavailable revenue only available for government-wide purposes.				
			99,259	105,422
Net deferred inflows/outflows related to the long-term net pension/OPEB liability are not reported in the funds.				
			(910,323)	118,010
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and net pension/OPEB liability, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.				
			<u>(3,613,942)</u>	<u>(5,095,763)</u>
Net position of governmental activities				
			<u>\$ 4,998,560</u>	<u>\$ 4,285,453</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral
part of the financial statements.

CITY OF WILMORE, KENTUCKY
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
for the year ended June 30, 2024

	General	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	2023 Totals
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 719,963	\$ -	\$ 719,963	\$ 671,275
Licenses and permits	960,611	-	960,611	908,570
Charges for services	94,790	39,450	134,240	124,750
Fines and forfeits	1,560	-	1,560	1,971
Intergovernmental	270,686	86,410	357,096	958,167
Other	<u>126,624</u>	<u>3,063</u>	<u>129,687</u>	<u>131,889</u>
Total revenues	<u>2,174,234</u>	<u>128,923</u>	<u>2,303,157</u>	<u>2,796,622</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
General government	637,441	-	637,441	613,570
Public safety-Police	1,057,062	-	1,057,062	1,085,197
Public safety-Fire	151,077	-	151,077	157,286
Public works-Streets	448,400	14,131	462,531	518,391
Community development	138,685	-	138,685	157,218
Parks and recreation	225,989	-	225,989	198,242
Cemetery	-	50,665	50,665	57,490
Capital outlay	327,270	315,239	642,509	1,895,332
Debt service	<u>137,200</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>137,200</u>	<u>89,996</u>
Total expenditures	<u>3,123,124</u>	<u>380,035</u>	<u>3,503,159</u>	<u>4,772,722</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	<u>(948,890)</u>	<u>(251,112)</u>	<u>(1,200,002)</u>	<u>(1,976,100)</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from disposal of capital assets	8,000	-	8,000	300
Note proceeds	-	-	-	1,144,812
Transfers in	<u>1,100,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,100,000</u>	<u>1,100,000</u>
Total other financing sources and uses	<u>1,108,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,108,000</u>	<u>2,245,112</u>
Net change in fund balance	159,110	(251,112)	(92,002)	269,012
Fund balance-beginning	<u>2,646,069</u>	<u>243,531</u>	<u>2,889,600</u>	<u>2,620,588</u>
Fund balance-ending	<u>\$ 2,805,179</u>	<u>\$ (7,581)</u>	<u>\$ 2,797,598</u>	<u>\$ 2,889,600</u>
Reconciliation to government-wide change in net position:				
Net change in fund balance			\$ (92,002)	\$ 269,012
add: capital outlay expenditures capitalized			642,509	1,895,332
add: gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets			8,000	300
add: unavailable revenue collected			(6,166)	105,422
add: debt service expenditures			137,200	89,996
add: change in long-term property taxes			-	3,200
less: change in long-term compensated absences			3,069	(1,248)
add: change in net pension liability			240,929	26,993
less: change in net OPEB liability			112,165	(73,216)
less: lease proceeds			-	(1,144,812)
less: proceeds from sale of capital assets			(8,000)	(300)
less: depreciation on governmental activities capital assets			(284,871)	(294,952)
less: interest on long-term debt			<u>(39,726)</u>	<u>(21,488)</u>
Change in net position governmental activities			<u>\$ 713,107</u>	<u>\$ 854,239</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral
part of the financial statements.

CITY OF WILMORE, KENTUCKY
BALANCE SHEET
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
June 30, 2024

	Business - Type Activities			
	Water and Sewer System	Sanitation	Total Proprietary Funds	2023 Totals
ASSETS				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,452,045	\$ 186,359	\$ 1,638,404	\$ 1,438,796
Investments - certificates of deposit	63,000	-	63,000	63,000
Receivables, net	623,846	68,894	692,740	683,339
Interest receivable	23,349	-	23,349	24,425
Due from other funds	1,868	35,477	37,345	67,754
Prepaid expenses	-	-	-	545
Inventories	50,251	-	50,251	46,864
Total current assets	2,214,359	290,730	2,505,089	2,324,723
Noncurrent assets				
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	557,829	-	557,829	1,088,025
Restricted investments - certificates of deposit	1,663,000	-	1,663,000	955,000
Net OPEB asset	26,460	4,622	31,082	-
Capital assets:				
Land, building, and tower	1,727,365	-	1,727,365	1,727,365
Construction in progress	22,012	-	22,012	22,012
Plant and water system	9,965,888	-	9,965,888	9,965,888
Plant and sewer system	9,562,638	-	9,562,638	9,562,638
Vehicles and equipment	1,286,794	531,147	1,817,941	1,756,256
Less accumulated depreciation	(11,332,862)	(518,990)	(11,851,852)	(11,357,315)
Total noncurrent assets	13,479,124	16,779	13,495,903	13,719,869
Total assets	15,693,483	307,509	16,000,992	16,044,592
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred outflows - pension	200,243	34,976	235,219	206,862
Deferred outflows - OPEB	83,088	14,513	97,601	173,147
Total deferred outflows of resources	283,331	49,489	332,820	380,009
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 15,976,814	\$ 356,998	\$ 16,333,812	\$ 16,424,601
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 81,423	\$ 18,456	\$ 99,879	\$ 98,028
Due to other funds	39,087	337,336	376,423	304,265
Compensated absences, current	36,147	457	36,604	37,883
Accrued interest payable	33,618	-	33,618	34,636
Utility deposits and other	157,373	-	157,373	149,868
Bonds, notes, and loans payable, current	143,569	-	143,569	138,730
Total current liabilities	491,217	356,249	847,466	763,410
Noncurrent liabilities				
Compensated absences, noncurrent	15,760	-	15,760	21,199
Bonds, notes, and loans payable	3,980,543	-	3,980,543	4,124,112
Net pension liability	1,229,744	214,799	1,444,543	1,593,273
Total noncurrent liabilities	5,226,047	214,799	5,440,846	6,173,473
Total liabilities	5,717,264	571,048	6,288,312	6,936,883
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred inflows - pension	176,331	30,800	207,131	120,557
Deferred inflows - OPEB	443,010	77,381	520,391	196,674
Total deferred inflows of resources	619,341	108,181	727,522	317,231
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	7,107,723	12,157	7,119,880	7,414,002
Restricted for debt services	471,755	-	471,755	458,892
Restricted for other purposes	373,802	-	373,802	373,802
Unrestricted	1,686,929	(334,388)	1,352,541	923,791
Total net position	9,640,209	(322,231)	9,317,978	9,170,487
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$ 15,976,814	\$ 356,998	\$ 16,333,812	\$ 16,424,601

The accompanying notes are an integral
part of the financial statements.

CITY OF WILMORE, KENTUCKY
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
for the year ended June 30, 2024

	Business - Type Activities			2023 Totals
	Water and Sewer System	Sanitation	Total Proprietary Funds	
OPERATING REVENUES				
Water service	\$ 1,025,344	\$ -	\$ 1,025,344	\$ 963,543
Sewer service	964,803	-	964,803	897,277
Sanitation service	-	445,870	445,870	435,499
Other revenues	56,632	-	56,632	52,609
Total operating revenues	2,046,779	445,870	2,492,649	2,348,928
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Water operations	955,482	-	955,482	838,774
Sewer operations	799,318	-	799,318	717,974
Sanitation operations	-	470,093	470,093	542,282
Total operating expenses before depreciation	1,754,800	470,093	2,224,893	2,099,030
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE DEPRECIATION	291,979	(24,223)	267,756	249,898
DEPRECIATION EXPENSE				
Water operations	249,904	-	249,904	256,886
Sewer operations	219,337	-	219,337	219,622
Sanitation operations	-	25,296	25,296	25,930
Total depreciation expense	469,241	25,296	494,537	502,438
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(177,262)	(49,519)	(226,781)	(252,540)
NON-OPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSE)				
Occupational license fees	1,529,729	-	1,529,729	1,439,923
Interest income	64,397	-	64,397	36,093
Interest and fiscal expense-bonds	(119,854)	-	(119,854)	(118,941)
Total non-operating revenue (expense)	1,474,272	-	1,474,272	1,357,075
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS	1,297,010	(49,519)	1,247,491	1,104,535
Operating transfers in (out)	(1,259,455)	159,455	(1,100,000)	(1,100,000)
NET INCOME (LOSS)	37,555	109,936	147,491	4,535
Net Position - Beginning of year	9,602,654	(432,167)	9,170,487	9,165,952
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 9,640,209	\$ (322,231)	\$ 9,317,978	\$ 9,170,487

The accompanying notes are an integral
part of the financial statements.

CITY OF WILMORE, KENTUCKY
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
for the year ended June 30, 2024

	Business-Type Activities			
	Water and Sewer System	Sanitation	Total Proprietary Funds	2023 Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Cash received from customers	\$ 2,027,937	\$ 443,120	\$ 2,471,057	\$ 2,349,884
Cash deposits returned to customers	(21,280)	-	(21,280)	(26,731)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(931,175)	(383,514)	(1,314,689)	(1,229,087)
Cash payments to employees for services and benefits	(902,635)	(172,497)	(1,075,132)	(1,050,542)
Other operating revenue	56,632	-	56,632	52,609
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	229,479	(112,891)	116,588	96,133
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Operating transfers from (to) other funds - net	(1,259,455)	159,455	(1,100,000)	(1,100,000)
Due (to) from other funds	103,172	(605)	102,567	(11,337)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(1,156,283)	158,850	(997,433)	(1,111,337)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
License fee revenue pledged to debt service	1,514,071	-	1,514,071	1,402,344
Principal paid on revenue bonds and loans	(138,730)	-	(138,730)	(114,556)
Interest and fiscal fees paid on revenue bonds and loans	(120,870)	-	(120,870)	(119,921)
Debt proceeds	-	-	-	1,004,898
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	-	-	-	1,042,224
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(61,687)	-	(61,687)	(1,748,171)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	1,192,784	-	1,192,784	1,466,818
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Purchase of investments	(708,000)	-	(708,000)	(385,000)
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments	-	-	-	385,000
Interest received on investments and interest bearing cash accounts	65,473	-	65,473	12,906
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(642,527)	-	(642,527)	12,906
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	(376,547)	45,959	(330,588)	464,520
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year	2,386,421	140,400	2,526,821	2,062,301
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ 2,009,874	\$ 186,359	\$ 2,196,233	\$ 2,526,821
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Operating income (loss)	\$ (177,262)	\$ (49,519)	\$ (226,781)	\$ (252,540)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to cash provided by (used for) operating activities:				
Depreciation	469,241	25,296	494,537	502,438
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	(32,724)	(57,789)	(90,513)	(145,315)
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liability	(43,304)	(23,404)	(66,708)	9,563
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable	9,007	(2,750)	6,257	22,153
Decrease (increase) in prepaids	510	35	545	8
Decrease (increase) in inventory	(3,387)	-	(3,387)	2,083
Increase (decrease) in operating accounts payable	4,777	(2,926)	1,851	(39,874)
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses	(4,884)	(1,834)	(6,718)	(7,064)
Increase (decrease) in customer utility deposits	7,505	-	7,505	4,681
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 229,479	\$ (112,891)	\$ 116,588	\$ 96,133
Net change in payables for capital assets	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (42,937)

The accompanying notes are an integral
part of the financial statements.

CITY OF WILMORE, KENTUCKY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2024

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Wilmore, Kentucky (the City) operates under the Council-Mayor form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (police and fire), public works, parks and recreation and community development. The accounting policies of the City of Wilmore conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies.

A. Reporting Entity

The financial statements of the City of Wilmore, Kentucky include the funds, account groups and entities over which the Mayor and Council exercise significant oversight responsibility. Oversight responsibility, as defined by Section 2100 of the GASB Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, was determined on the basis of the City's ability to significantly influence operation, select the governing body, participate in fiscal management and the scope of public service.

B. Basis of Presentation

The City's financial statements consist of the following:

- Management's discussion and analysis (required supplementary information)
- Basic financial statements
 - Government-wide financial statements
 - Fund financial statements
 - Notes to the financial statements
- Pension schedules (required supplementary information)
- Combining financial statements (supplementary information)

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include a statement of net position and statement of activities. These statements display information about the City as a whole. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities of the City. These financial statements include the financial activities of the City except for fiduciary activities. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely on fees and charges for support. The government-wide statement of activities reflects costs of government by function for governmental activities and business-type activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient for the goods or services offered by the program and grants or contributions that are restricted to the program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City.

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the City. The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate fiscal and accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self balancing accounts that is comprised of its assets, liabilities, fund balance/net position, revenues and expenditures or expenses.

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions are financed. The governmental fund measurement focus is upon determination of financial position and budgetary control over revenues and expenditures. Proprietary fund types are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that costs of providing services are to be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

CITY OF WILMORE, KENTUCKY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2024

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Fund Financial Statements

The following funds are used by the City of Wilmore:

Governmental Funds

General Fund – The general operating fund of the City is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Most of the essential governmental services such as police and fire protection, community services and general administration are reported in this fund.

Special Revenue Funds – The special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments, expendable trusts, or major capital projects) that are restricted by law to be expended for specific purposes. The City maintains the following special revenue funds:

Municipal Road Aid Fund – A special revenue fund for the money received from the state to be used exclusively for road repair.

Cemetery Fund – A fund used to account for the operations of the Wilmore Cemetery which the City took over as of April 1, 2013, the operations of which are financed by the sale of burial plots.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds are used to account for the ongoing organizations and activities of the City, which are similar to those found in private business enterprises. The measurement focus is upon determination of net income, financial position, and changes in cash flows. Proprietary funds can include enterprise funds or internal service funds. The City does not maintain any internal service funds.

Enterprise funds are established to account for the acquisition, operations and maintenance of the City's facilities and services which are entirely or predominantly self-supported by user charges or where the City has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The accounts are maintained on the accrual basis of accounting. The City's enterprise operations include the following:

Water and Sewer Utility System Enterprise Fund – a proprietary fund used to account for the water and sewer utility services provided to the residents of the City, the operations of which are financed by user fees. Additionally, accounting for new plant and system construction and related debt service, which is financed by a 2% occupational fee, is included therein. The City levies a 2% occupational fee, the entire proceeds of which, are set aside to provide payment of the principal and interest on the water and sewer bonds outstanding. Pursuant to Ordinance 479-98 if the proceeds collected exceed the debt service obligations and related provisions the excess may be distributed to the General Fund of the City.

Sanitation Enterprise Fund – a proprietary fund used to account for the sanitation (solid waste removal / garbage collection) services provided to the residents of the City, the operations of which are financed by user fees.

CITY OF WILMORE, KENTUCKY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2024

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the City as a whole. The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for individual funds.

Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the City are recorded in individual funds. Their focus is on individual funds rather than reporting funds by type. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions – Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party receives essentially equal value, are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For City property taxes, available means expected to be received within sixty days of the fiscal year end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenues from non-exchange transactions must also be available before they can be recognized.

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they are earned, and expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

Permits, fines and forfeits, and miscellaneous revenues (except for investment earnings) are recorded as revenues when received because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded when earned since they are measurable and available in all funds.

CITY OF WILMORE, KENTUCKY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2024

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Fund Balance

In fund financial statements, the difference between the assets and liabilities of governmental funds is reported as fund balance. Fund balance is divided into nonspendable and spendable components, if applicable. Fund balance is further broken down into the following components:

Nonspendable – amounts that must be maintained intact legally or contractually.

Restricted – amounts constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – amounts constrained for a specific purpose by the City using its highest level of decision making authority.

Assigned – for all governmental funds, other than the General Fund, any remaining positive amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted or committed. For the General Fund, amounts constrained, by intent, to be used for a specific purpose by the City or the elected City official given authority to assign amounts.

Unassigned – for the General Fund, amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned. For all other government funds, amounts expended in excess of resources that are nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned.

For resources considered to be committed, the City issues an ordinance that can be changed with another corresponding ordinance.

For resources considered to be assigned, the City has designated the Mayor to carry the intent of the City Council.

It is the policy of the City to spend restricted funds first when both restricted and unrestricted funds are available. Once restricted funds are spent, the City will use committed funds first, assigned funds second and unassigned funds last.

E. Budgeting

The City follows the procedures established pursuant to Section 91A.030 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements. Budgets for all funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

Budgeted amounts in the financial statements are adopted by ordinance of the City and have been revised for amendments authorized during the year.

F. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

G. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents – The City of Wilmore considers all cash, and certificates of deposit maturing in 90 days or less when purchased, both restricted and unrestricted, as cash and cash equivalents for purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows.

CITY OF WILMORE, KENTUCKY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2024

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

H. Capital Assets

Acquired capital assets are recorded at cost or estimated cost. Depreciation of capital assets is provided over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets using the straight-line basis. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Infrastructure	35-45 years
Buildings	25-50 years
Improvements	10-25 years
Vehicles, furniture and equipment	5-20 years

I. Internal Balances and Transfers

During the course of operations, transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position.

Permanent re-allocation of resources between funds of the City are classified as interfund transfers. For the purposes of the Statement of Activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

J. Compensated Absences

The City's policy is to allow employees to accumulate up to 160 hours of vacation pay and up to 160 hours of personal pay. Any excess over the 160 hour limit at December 31 will be paid to the employee at their current rate. Upon termination, employees shall be paid for all accumulated unused vacation and personal hours at their current rate of pay.

K. Revenues and Receivables

Tax receivables are stated less an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$17,700 in the General Fund. No allowance for doubtful accounts on utility or sanitation customer accounts receivable has been provided since customer deposits are adequate and service is discontinued when unpaid amounts approach the deposit amount.

Proprietary funds report all revenues and expenses as operating, except interest income, interest expense, occupational license fees and capital contributions.

Unearned revenues represent grant revenues received but unearned. Revenues are recognized when eligible expenditures are incurred and all conditions of the grant are satisfied.

L. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees' Retirement System (CERS) and additions to/deductions from CERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CERS. For this purpose, benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions, are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

CITY OF WILMORE, KENTUCKY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2024

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

M. Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees' Retirement System (CERS) and additions to/deductions from CERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CERS. For this purpose, benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions, are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

N. Leases

The City follows Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases*. GASB Statement No. 87 enhances the relevance and consistency of information of the government's leasing activities. It establishes requirements for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. A lessee is required to recognize a lease payable and an intangible right to use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources.

O. Subscription-based Information Technology Arrangements

The City follows Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 96, *Subscription-based Information Technology Arrangements*. GASB Statement No. 96 requires recognition of a right-to-use subscription asset – an intangible asset – and a corresponding subscription liability for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITA) that were previously classified as operating expenses. It establishes uniform guidance for SBITA accounting based on the foundational principle that SBITA are financings of the right to use vendor-provided information technology assets. Government entities are required to recognize a subscription liability and an intangible right-to-use subscription asset. The City currently does not have any SBITAs.

P. Management's Review of Subsequent Events

The City has evaluated and considered the need to recognize or disclose subsequent events through November 22, 2024, which represents the date that these financial statements were available to be issued. Subsequent events past this date, as they pertain to the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, have not been evaluated by the City.

Q. Other Accounting Policies

Investments of the City consist of certificates of deposit and are reported at cost. These funds are invested for periods that comply with cash flow requirements of bond ordinances and general government services.

The City maintains inventories of fuel and utility system parts and they are reported at lower of cost or market on the first-in, first-out basis.

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not employed by the City of Wilmore.

CITY OF WILMORE, KENTUCKY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2024

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

KRS 66.480 authorizes the City to invest in the following, including but not limited to, obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which have a physical presence in Kentucky and are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4). The Statute also authorizes investment in mutual funds, exchange traded funds, individual equity securities and high-quality corporate bonds that are managed by a professional investment manager and subject to additional requirements outlined in KRS 66.480.

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Investments held for longer periods are subject to increased risk of adverse interest rate changes. The City does not have a policy regarding interest rate risk.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City requires all deposits and investments to be covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the custodial bank in the City's name.

The balances for cash, cash equivalents and investments in certificates of deposit as of June 30, 2024, are as follows:

	Governmental	Proprietary	Total
Carrying amount	\$ 2,683,249	\$ 3,922,233	\$ 6,605,482
Bank Balance	\$ 2,774,657	\$ 3,971,913	\$ 6,746,570
FDIC Insurance	\$ 491,000	\$ 2,452,241	\$ 2,702,241
Collateral	\$ 2,283,657	\$ 3,892,242	\$ 6,175,899

The City of Wilmore's deposits and investments at June 30, 2024, were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the custodial banks in the City's name .

CITY OF WILMORE, KENTUCKY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2024

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Types of Investment	Cost	Interest Rate	Maturity Date
<u>Governmental activities:</u>			
Farmers Bank:			
Certificate of deposit - Centemetary MM	\$ 46,855		
Edward Jones:			
Cash	5,000		
Certificate of deposit - Wells Fargo Bk N A Sioux Falls	236,000	5.40%	6/11/2025
	<u>\$ 287,855</u>		
<u>Business-type activities:</u>			
Farmers Bank:			
Certificate of deposit	\$ 10,000		7/23/2024
Certificate of deposit	5,000		6/20/2024
Edward Jones:			
Certificate of deposit - Wells Fargo Bk N A Sioux Falls	228,000	5.30%	7/3/2024
Certificate of deposit - Armstrong Bk Muskogee Okla	70,000	4.95%	12/26/2024
Certificate of deposit - Bank Hapoalim B M New York Brh	220,000	4.85%	1/31/2025
Certificate of deposit - Byline Bk Chicago Ill	115,000	4.95%	2/21/2025
Certificate of deposit - Charles Schwab Bk Ssb Westlake	236,000	5.40%	6/12/2025
Certificate of deposit - Morgan Stanley Private Bk Natl	236,000	5.35%	6/12/2025
Certificate of deposit - Santander Bk Natl Assn	236,000	5.35%	6/18/2025
Certificate of deposit - Morgan Stanley Bk N A Salt	161,000	5.15%	11/24/2025
Certificate of deposit - Bank America Na Charlotte NC	161,000	5.15%	12/1/2025
Certificate of deposit - Goldman Sachs Bk USA New York	48,000	4.50%	1/8/2025
	<u>\$ 1,726,000</u>		

CITY OF WILMORE, KENTUCKY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2024

3. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Receivables at year end of the City's major individual funds and nonmajor funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts are as follows:

	General Fund	Nonmajor Funds	Governmental Funds
Governmental funds:			
Taxes	\$ 35,452	\$ -	\$ 35,452
Licenses, permits, billings	223,832	-	223,833
Charges for service	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	3,136	16,599	19,735
Other	<u>113,239</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>113,239</u>
Gross receivables	375,659	16,599	392,258
Less: allowance for uncollectible	<u>(17,700)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(17,700)</u>
Net receivables	<u>\$ 357,959</u>	<u>\$ 16,599</u>	<u>\$ 374,558</u>
	Water and Sewer Fund	Sanitation Fund	Business-type Funds
Business-type activities:			
Customer	\$ 254,284	\$ 68,894	\$ 323,178
Licenses, permits, billings	369,412	-	369,412
Other receivables	150	-	150
Less: allowance for uncollectible	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Net receivables	<u>\$ 623,846</u>	<u>\$ 68,894</u>	<u>\$ 692,740</u>

CITY OF WILMORE, KENTUCKY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2024

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of capital asset activity during the fiscal year follows:

	Balance July 01, 2023	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2024
Governmental activities:				
Assets not depreciated:				
Construction in progress	\$ 638,515	\$ 123,810	\$ -	\$ 762,325
Land and improvements	<u>525,328</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>525,328</u>
Totals	<u>1,163,843</u>	<u>123,810</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,287,653</u>
Capital assets that are depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	925,647	25,700	-	951,347
Vehicles	2,893,405	136,760	(33,438)	2,996,727
Equipment	<u>497,819</u>	<u>32,399</u>	<u>(10,719)</u>	<u>519,499</u>
Totals	<u>4,316,871</u>	<u>194,859</u>	<u>(44,157)</u>	<u>4,467,573</u>
Total non-infrastructure assets	<u>5,480,714</u>	<u>318,669</u>	<u>(44,157)</u>	<u>5,755,226</u>
Infrastructure assets	<u>4,665,099</u>	<u>323,839</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,988,938</u>
Total capital assets	<u>10,145,813</u>	<u>642,508</u>	<u>(44,157)</u>	<u>10,744,164</u>
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and Improvements	435,332	21,193	-	456,525
Vehicles	1,001,889	125,680	(33,438)	1,094,131
Equipment	293,361	29,721	(10,719)	312,363
Infrastructure assets	<u>2,163,081</u>	<u>108,277</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,271,358</u>
Totals	<u>3,893,663</u>	<u>284,871</u>	<u>(44,157)</u>	<u>4,134,377</u>
Capital assets, net	<u>\$ 6,252,150</u>	<u>\$ 273,826</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 6,609,787</u>
Business-type activities:				
Construction in progress	\$ 22,012	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 22,012
Land, buildings and tower	1,727,365	-	-	1,727,365
Plant and water system	9,965,888	-	-	9,965,888
Plant and sewer system	9,562,638	-	-	9,562,638
Vehicles and equipment	<u>1,756,256</u>	<u>61,685</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,817,941</u>
Totals	<u>23,034,159</u>	<u>61,685</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>23,095,844</u>
Less accumulated depreciation	<u>11,357,315</u>	<u>494,537</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>11,851,852</u>
Capital assets, net	<u>\$ 11,676,844</u>	<u>\$ (432,852)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 11,243,992</u>

CITY OF WILMORE, KENTUCKY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2024

4. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense was charged to the governmental activities functions as follows:

General government	\$ 9,323
Police	29,266
Fire	93,235
Public works-streets	132,675
Cemetery	3,816
Parks and recreation	<u>16,556</u>
 Total depreciation expense	 <u>\$ 284,871</u>

5. GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES - LONG-TERM DEBT

Governmental activities long-term debt consists of compensated absences, net pension liability, net OPEB liability, and note payable.

A direct placement note payable for a fire truck was entered into on December 12, 2022, for \$1,144,812. The City drew the entire \$1,144,812 during the year ending June 30, 2023. The interest rate on the note is a fixed rate of 3.65%, with payments due monthly beginning January 15, 2023. The note matures on December 15, 2032. The fire truck is held as security on the note.

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2024:

	Balance July 01, 2023	Issued	Retired	Balance June 30, 2024
Governmental activities:				
Long-term compensated absences	\$ 31,783	\$ -	\$ 3,069	\$ 28,714
Fire truck note - 2023	1,095,825	-	97,326	998,499
Net pension liability	3,107,244	-	585,717	2,521,527
Net OPEB liability	<u>860,911</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>795,709</u>	<u>65,202</u>
	<u>\$ 5,095,763</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,481,821</u>	<u>\$ 3,613,942</u>

CITY OF WILMORE, KENTUCKY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2024

6. BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - LONG-TERM DEBT

Business-type activities long-term debt consists of compensated absences, net pension liability, net OPEB liability, revenue bonds, two loans through Rural Development, and a loan through the Kentucky Infrastructure Authority. Proceeds from the revenue bonds and Rural Development loans were used for expansions and improvements to the water and sewer utility systems.

	Maturity	Rate	Balance July 01, 2023	Issued	Retired	Balance June 30, 2024
Water and Sewer System:						
Revenue bond:						
2000A (\$2,283,000)	2040	4.375%	\$ 1,128,000	\$ -	\$ 57,000	\$ 1,071,000
Direct placement debt:						
RD Loan #1 (\$1,875,000)	2057	2.500%	1,782,500	-	32,500	1,750,000
RD Loan #2 (\$390,000)	2057	1.875%	368,000	-	7,500	360,500
KIA Loan F21-060	2043	2.000%	984,342	-	41,730	942,612
Long-term compensated absences			21,009	-	5,249	15,760
Net pension liability			1,309,489	-	79,745	1,229,744
Net OPEB liability (asset)			<u>357,429</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>383,889</u>	<u>(26,460)</u>
			<u>\$ 5,950,769</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 607,613</u>	<u>\$ 5,343,156</u>
Sanitation:						
Long-term compensated absences			\$ 190	\$ -	\$ 190	\$ -
Net pension liability			283,784	-	68,985	214,799
Net OPEB liability (asset)			<u>77,460</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>82,082</u>	<u>(4,622)</u>
			<u>\$ 361,434</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 151,257</u>	<u>\$ 210,177</u>
Total business-type activities			<u>\$ 6,312,203</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 758,870</u>	<u>\$ 5,553,333</u>

The annual requirements to retire the water and sewer debt as of June 30, 2024, is as follows:

	Principal	Interest	Total
2025	\$ 143,569	\$ 114,693	\$ 258,262
2026	148,425	110,168	258,593
2027	152,298	105,495	257,793
2028	157,188	100,670	257,858
2029	162,096	95,671	257,767
2030-2034	891,257	396,903	1,288,160
2035-2039	881,364	248,172	1,129,536
2040-2044	511,915	159,663	671,578
2045-2049	344,500	112,912	457,412
2050-2054	387,500	69,637	457,137
2055-2058	<u>344,000</u>	<u>20,869</u>	<u>364,869</u>
	<u>\$ 4,124,112</u>	<u>\$ 1,534,853</u>	<u>\$ 5,658,965</u>

CITY OF WILMORE, KENTUCKY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2024

7. CONDUIT DEBT

The City issued City of Wilmore, Kentucky Educational Development Revenue Bonds, Series 2009 (Asbury College Project) dated December 18, 2009, in the amount of \$9,000,000. These bonds mature on January 1, 2035, with an interest rate of 6.33%.

These bonds are not a general obligation, debt or bonded indebtedness or liability of the City of Wilmore and will not give rise to a charge against the general credit or taxing powers of the City of Wilmore and are not included in the financial statements.

8. COMMITMENTS

The City participates in various state and federal grant programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies. Therefore, to the extent that the City has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at June 30, 2024, may be impaired. In the opinion of the City, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants. Therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements for such contingencies.

9. RETIREMENT PLAN

The City of Wilmore is a participating employer of the County Employees' Retirement System (CERS). Under the provisions of Kentucky Revised Statute 61.645, the Board of Trustees of Kentucky Public Pensions Authority (KPPA) administers the CERS. The plan issues publicly available financial statements which may be downloaded from the KPPA website.

Plan Description – CERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers substantially all regular full-time members employed in positions of each participating county, city, school board, and any additional eligible local agencies electing to participate in the System. The plan provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members. Retirement benefits may be extended to beneficiaries of plan members under certain circumstances. Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA) are provided at the discretion of state legislature.

Contributions – For the year ended June 30, 2024, plan members were required to contribute 5% of wages for non-hazardous job classifications and 8% of wages for hazardous job classifications. Employees hired after September 1, 2008, are required to contribute an additional 1% to cover the cost of medical insurance that is provided through CERS. Participating employers are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Per Kentucky Revised Statute Section 78.545(33), normal contribution and past service contribution rates shall be determined by the Board on the basis of an annual valuation last proceeding the July 1 of a new biennium. The Board may amend contribution rates as of the first day of July of the second year of a biennium, if it is determined on the basis of a subsequent actuarial valuation that amended contribution rates are necessary to satisfy requirements determined in accordance with actuarial basis adopted by the Board. For the year ended June 30, 2024, participating employers contributed 23.34% of each employee's wages for non-hazardous job classifications and 43.69% of each employee's wages for hazardous job classifications. The contributions are allocated to both the pension and insurance trusts. The insurance trust is more fully described in Note 10. Plan members' contributions were allocated 23.34% to the pension trust for non-hazardous job classifications and 41.11% to the pension trust for hazardous job classifications. The contribution rates are equal to the actuarially determined rate set by the Board. Administrative costs of Kentucky Public Pensions Authority are financed through employer contributions and investment earnings.

CITY OF WILMORE, KENTUCKY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2024

9. RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Plan members who began participating on, or after, January 1, 2014, are required to contribute to the Cash Balance Plan. The Cash Balance Plan is known as a hybrid plan because it has characteristics of both a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Members in the plan contribute a set percentage of their salary each month to their own account. Plan members contribute 5% of wages to their own account for non-hazardous job classifications and 8% of wages to their own account for hazardous classifications. Plan members also contribute 1% to the health insurance fund. The employer contribution rate is set annually by the Board based on an actuarial valuation. The employer contributes a set percentage of each member's salary. Each month, when employer contributions are received, an employer pay credit is deposited to the member's account. Each member's account is credited with a 4% employer pay credit for non-hazardous members, and a 7.5% pay credit for hazardous members. The employer pay credit represents a portion of the employer contribution.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the City contributed \$248,287, or 100% of the required contribution for non-hazardous job classifications, which was allocated \$248,287 to the CERS pension fund and \$0 to the CERS insurance fund. The City contributed \$181,487, or 100% of the required contribution for hazardous job classifications, which was allocated \$170,770 to the CERS pension fund and \$10,717 to the CERS insurance fund.

Benefits – CERS provides retirement, health insurance, death and disability benefits to Plan employees and beneficiaries. Employees are vested in the plan after five years' service.

For retirement purposes, employees are grouped into three tiers based on hire date:

Tier 1	Participation date	Before September 1, 2008
	Unreduced retirement	27 years service or 65 years old and 4 years service
	Reduced retirement	At least 5 years service and 55 years old or 25 years service and any age
Tier 2	Participation date	September 1, 2008 - December 31, 2013
	Unreduced retirement	At least 5 years service and 65 years old or age 57+ and sum of service years plus age equal to 87+
	Reduced retirement	At least 10 years service and 60 years old
Tier 3	Participation date	After December 31, 2013
	Unreduced retirement	At least 5 years service and 65 years old or age 57+ and sum of service years plus age equal to 87+
	Reduced retirement	Not available

Cost of living adjustments are provided at the discretion of the General Assembly. Retirement is based on a factor of the number of years' service and hire date multiplied by the average of the highest five years' earnings. Reduced benefits are based on factors of both of these components. Participating employees become eligible to receive the health insurance benefit after at least 180 months of service. Death benefits are provided for both death after retirement and death prior to retirement. Death benefits after retirement are \$5,000 in lump sum. Five years' service is required for death benefits prior to retirement and the employee must have suffered a duty-related death. The decedent's beneficiary will receive the higher of the normal death benefit and \$10,000 plus 25% of the decedent's monthly final rate of pay and any dependent child will receive 10% of the decedent's monthly final rate of pay up to 40% for all dependent children. Five years' service is required for nonservice-related disability benefits.

CITY OF WILMORE, KENTUCKY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2024

9. RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Pension Liabilities, Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources – At June 30, 2024, the City reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability as follows:

Total Net Pension Liability	Non-hazardous	Hazardous
\$ <u>3,966,070</u>	\$ <u>2,312,317</u>	\$ <u>1,653,753</u>

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, and rolled forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The City's proportionate share at June 30, 2023, was as follows:

Non-hazardous	Hazardous
.0360%	.0613%

The proportionate share at June 30, 2023, increased .0002% for non-hazardous and decreased .0080% for hazardous compared to the proportionate share as of June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the City recognized pension expense of \$98,335. At June 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual results	\$ 195,307	\$ 6,283
Changes of assumptions	-	341,078
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on Plan investments	-	48,131
Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and proportionate share of contributions	13,892	393,735
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>429,774</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 638,973</u>	<u>\$ 789,227</u>

The \$429,774 of deferred outflows of resources resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,	
2025	\$ (276,430)
2026	\$ (237,245)
2027	\$ (12,702)
2028	\$ (53,651)

CITY OF WILMORE, KENTUCKY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2024

9. RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions – The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2023, actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Non-hazardous

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service, including inflation
Investment rate of return	6.50%, net of Plan investment expense, including inflation

Hazardous

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.55% to 19.05%, varies by service, including inflation
Investment rate of return	6.50%, net of Plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Mortality Table projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 Mortality Improvement Scale using a base year of 2010. The Mortality Table used for healthy retired members was a system-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2022, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2020 Mortality Improvement Scale using a base year of 2023. The Mortality Table used for disabled members was PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality Table, with rates multiplied by 150% for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2020 Mortality Improvement Scale using a base year of 2010.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 - June 30, 2022. The total pension liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date (June 30, 2022) to the plan's fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rate of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic nominal real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Equity	60.00%	
Public Equity	50.00%	5.90%
Private Equity	10.00%	11.73%
Liquidity	20.00%	
Core Fixed Income	10.00%	2.45%
Specialty Credit	10.00%	3.65%
Cash	0.00%	1.39%
Inflation Protected	20.00%	
Real Estate	7.00%	4.99%
Real Return	13.00%	5.15%
Total	100.00%	5.75%
Long term inflation assumption		2.50%
Expected nominal return for portfolio		8.25%

CITY OF WILMORE, KENTUCKY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2024

9. RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that local employers would contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate of projected compensation over the closed 30-year amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The actuarial determined contribution rate is adjusted to reflect the phase in of anticipated gains on actuarial value of assets over the first four years of the projection period. The discount rate does not use a municipal bond rate.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.50 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.50 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.50 percent) than the current rate:

	Non-hazardous			Hazardous		
	Discount rate	City's proportionate share of net pension liability		Discount rate	City's proportionate share of net pension liability	
1% decrease	5.50%	\$ 2,919,440		5.50%	\$ 2,088,258	
Current discount rate	6.50%	\$ 2,312,317		6.50%	\$ 1,653,753	
1% increase	7.50%	\$ 1,807,775		7.50%	\$ 1,298,861	

10. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

Plan Description – As more fully described in Note 9, the City of Wilmore participates in the County Employees' Retirement System (CERS). CERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers substantially all regular full-time members employed in positions of each participating county, city, school board, and any additional eligible local agencies electing to participate in the System. In addition to retirement benefits, the plan provides for health insurance benefits to plan members (other postemployment benefits or OPEB). OPEB benefits may be extended to beneficiaries of plan members under certain circumstances.

Contributions – As more fully described in Note 9, plan members contribute to CERS for non-hazardous and hazardous job classifications. For the year ending June 30, 2024, the employer's contribution was 0.00% to the insurance trust for non-hazardous job classifications and 2.58% to the insurance trust for hazardous job classifications. Employees hired after September 1, 2008, are required to contribute an additional 1% to cover the cost of medical insurance that is provided through CERS. Participating employers are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Per Kentucky Revised Statute Section 78.545(33), normal contribution and past service contribution rates shall be determined by the Board on the basis of an annual valuation last proceeding the July 1 of a new biennium. The Board may amend contribution rates as of the first day of July of the second year of a biennium, if it is determined on the basis of a subsequent actuarial valuation that amended contribution rates are necessary to satisfy requirements determined in accordance with actuarial basis adopted by the Board. The contribution rates are equal to the actuarially determined rate set by the Board. Administrative costs of Kentucky Public Pensions Authority are financed through employer contributions and investment earnings.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the City contributed \$0, or 100% of the required contribution for non-hazardous job classifications, and \$10,717, or 100% of the required contribution for hazardous job classifications.

CITY OF WILMORE, KENTUCKY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2024

10. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

Benefits – CERS provides health insurance benefits to Plan employees and beneficiaries.

For retirement purposes, employees are grouped into three tiers based on hire date:

Tier 1	Participation date Insurance eligibility Benefit	Before July 1, 2003 10 years of service credit required Set percentage of single coverage health insurance based on service credit accrued at retirement
Tier 1	Participation date Insurance eligibility Benefit	Before September 1, 2008 but after July 1, 2003 10 years of service credit required Set dollar amount based on service credit accrued, increased annually
Tier 2	Participation date Insurance eligibility Benefit	After September 1, 2008 and before December 31, 2013 15 years of service credit required Set dollar amount based on service credit accrued, increased annually
Tier 3	Participation date Insurance eligibility Benefit	After December 31, 2013 15 years of service credit required Set dollar amount based on service credit accrued, increased annually

OPEB Liabilities, Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources – At June 30, 2024, the City reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as follows:

Total Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	Non-hazardous	Hazardous
<u>\$ 34,120</u>	<u>\$ (49,754)</u>	<u>\$ 83,874</u>

The net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022 and rolled forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The City's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The City's proportionate share at June 30, 2023, was as follows:

Non-hazardous	Hazardous
.0360%	.0613%

The proportionate share at June 30, 2023, increased .0002% for non-hazardous and decreased .0079% for hazardous compared to the proportionate share as of June 30, 2022.

CITY OF WILMORE, KENTUCKY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2024

10. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$(168,879). At June 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual results	\$ 42,272	\$ 1,052,240
Changes of assumptions	155,181	155,670
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on Plan investments	-	23,099
Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and proportionate share of contributions	7,535	154,940
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>26,190</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 231,178</u>	<u>\$1,385,949</u>

The \$26,190 of deferred outflows of resources resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2025. This includes adjustments of \$16,251 for the nonhazardous implicit subsidy and \$(779) for the hazardous implicit subsidy, which are required to be recognized as deferred outflows of resources. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,

2025	\$ (274,908)
2026	\$ (325,669)
2027	\$ (258,103)
2028	\$ (252,488)
2029	\$ (69,793)

Actuarial Assumptions – The total OPEB liability (asset) in the June 30, 2023, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Non-hazardous

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.30 to 10.30%, varies by service, including inflation
Investment rate of return	6.50%, net of Plan investment expense, including inflation
Healthcare trend	

- Pre – 65: Initial trend starting at 6.80% at January 1, 2025, and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years.
- Post – 65: Initial trend starting at 8.50% at January 1, 2025, then gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years.

CITY OF WILMORE, KENTUCKY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2024

10. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

Hazardous

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.55 to 19.05%, varies by service, including inflation
Investment rate of return	6.50%, net of Plan investment expense, including inflation
Healthcare trend	

Pre – 65: Initial trend starting at 6.80% at January 1, 2025, and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years.

Post – 65: Initial trend starting at 8.50% at January 1, 2025, then gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years.

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Mortality Table projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 Mortality Improvement Scale using a base year of 2010. The Mortality Table used for healthy retired members was a system-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2022, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2020 Mortality Improvement Scale using a base year of 2023. The Mortality Table used for disabled members was PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality Table, with rates multiplied by 150% for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2020 Mortality Improvement Scale using a base year of 2010.

The actuarial assumption used in the June 30, 2023, valuation was based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 - June 30, 2022. The total OPEB liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date (June 30, 2022) to the plan's fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rate of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Equity	60.00%	
Public Equity	50.00%	5.90%
Private Equity	10.00%	11.73%
Liquidity	20.00%	
Core Fixed Income	10.00%	2.45%
Specialty Credit	10.00%	3.65%
Cash	0.00%	1.39%
Inflation Protected	20.00%	
Real Estate	7.00%	4.99%
Real Return	13.00%	5.15%
Total	100.00%	5.75%
Long term inflation assumption		2.50%
Expected nominal return for portfolio		8.25%

CITY OF WILMORE, KENTUCKY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2024

10. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability (asset) was 5.93% and 5.97% for non-hazardous and hazardous classifications, respectively. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that local employers would contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate of projected compensation over the remaining 24-year amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The discount rate determination used an expected rate of return of 6.50%, and a municipal bond rate of 3.86%, as reported in Fidelity Index's "20 –Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of June 30, 2023. However, the cost associated with the implicit employer subsidy was not included in the calculation of the System's actuarial determined contributions, and any cost associated with the implicit subsidy will not be paid out of the System's trusts. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to future expected benefit payments associated with the implicit subsidy.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	Non-hazardous			Hazardous		
	Discount rate	City's proportionate share of net OPEB liability (asset)		Discount rate	City's proportionate share of net OPEB liability (asset)	
1% decrease	4.93%	\$ 93,369		4.97%	\$ 212,118	
Current discount rate	5.93%	\$ (49,754)		5.97%	\$ 83,874	
1% increase	6.93%	\$ (169,601)		6.97%	\$ (22,988)	

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate – The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Non-hazardous		Hazardous	
	City's proportionate share of net OPEB liability (asset)		City's proportionate share of net OPEB liability (asset)	
1% decrease	\$ (159,469)		\$ 956	
Current trend rate	\$ (49,754)		\$ 83,874	
1% increase	\$ 85,022		\$ 184,015	

OPEB plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report.

CITY OF WILMORE, KENTUCKY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2024

11. PROPERTY TAX CALENDAR

Property taxes for fiscal year 2024 were levied in September 2023 on the assessed property located in the City of Wilmore as of the preceding January 1. The assessments are determined by the County Property Valuation Administrator in accordance with Kentucky Revised Statutes. The due date collection periods for all taxes exclusive of vehicle taxes are as follows:

Description	Date
Due date for payment	November 31
Face value payment period	October 1 - November 31
Past due date, 20% penalty	December 1
Attorney for collection	February 1
Interest charge	8.00% per annum effective February 1

Vehicle taxes are collected by the County Clerk of Jessamine County and are due and collected in the birth month of the vehicle's licensee.

12. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City of Wilmore is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. In addition to its general liability insurance, the City also carries commercial insurance for all other risks of loss such as worker's compensation and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

13. CONCENTRATIONS

The City has a concentration of revenue for occupational tax. Four entities generated approximately 63% of the City's occupational tax revenue, as well as 31% of the proprietary funds' revenue and 25% of the proprietary fund's customer accounts receivable.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF WILMORE, KENTUCKY
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY BUDGETARY COMPARISON
GENERAL FUND
for the year ended June 30, 2024

	Enacted Budget	Amended Budget	Actual	Variance
REVENUES				
MUNICIPAL TAXATION				
General property taxes	\$ 646,200	\$ 714,397	\$ 719,963	\$ 5,566
LICENSES AND PERMITS				
Insurance	600,000	706,500	741,108	34,608
Business	15,000	12,000	12,205	205
Utility franchise fees	200,000	195,000	197,916	2,916
Impact fees	-	7,500	9,382	1,882
	<u>815,000</u>	<u>921,000</u>	<u>960,611</u>	<u>39,611</u>
CHARGES FOR SERVICES				
Parks and recreation fees	<u>85,000</u>	<u>91,000</u>	<u>94,790</u>	<u>3,790</u>
FINES AND FORFEITS				
Parking fines	1,500	1,100	1,150	50
Arrest fees	<u>500</u>	<u>400</u>	<u>410</u>	<u>10</u>
	<u>2,000</u>	<u>1,500</u>	<u>1,560</u>	<u>60</u>
INTERGOVERNMENTAL				
Fiscal court contributions	16,350	16,500	16,500	-
Commonwealth of Kentucky - fire grant	11,000	11,500	11,500	-
Commonwealth of Kentucky - coal severance	2,500	3,000	3,008	8
Law enforcement fees	8,000	8,400	6,932	(1,468)
Other grants - feasibility study	-	-	38,571	38,571
Police incentive pay	48,855	40,673	38,616	(2,057)
CARES Act funding	<u>530,374</u>	<u>216,374</u>	<u>155,559</u>	<u>(60,815)</u>
	<u>617,079</u>	<u>296,447</u>	<u>270,686</u>	<u>(25,761)</u>
OTHER				
Rental income	32,000	34,500	35,653	1,153
Interest income	14,250	22,100	22,879	779
Miscellaneous	<u>21,900</u>	<u>73,690</u>	<u>68,092</u>	<u>(5,598)</u>
	<u>68,150</u>	<u>130,290</u>	<u>126,624</u>	<u>(3,666)</u>
TOTAL REVENUES	<u>\$ 2,233,429</u>	<u>\$ 2,154,634</u>	<u>\$ 2,174,234</u>	<u>\$ 19,600</u>
EXPENDITURES				
GENERAL GOVERNMENT				
Salaries	\$ 197,400	\$ 202,000	\$ 200,132	\$ (1,868)
Fringe benefits	50,752	51,577	50,480	(1,097)
Advertising and postage	5,200	4,500	3,929	(571)
Professional	18,200	27,057	38,586	11,529
Insurance	25,231	23,450	21,411	(2,039)
Utilities	80,000	82,000	83,248	1,248
Office supplies	5,000	7,000	6,254	(746)
Cleaning expense	16,000	12,000	10,677	(1,323)
Phone	1,200	1,200	1,200	-
Planning and zoning	110,000	140,000	150,328	10,328
Building maintenance	50,000	34,000	23,443	(10,557)
Maintenance of office equipment	15,000	20,000	18,118	(1,882)
Other	<u>61,400</u>	<u>63,852</u>	<u>29,635</u>	<u>(34,217)</u>
	<u>635,383</u>	<u>668,636</u>	<u>637,441</u>	<u>(31,195)</u>
POLICE				
Salaries	584,100	534,875	523,727	(11,148)
Fringe benefits	298,526	235,798	231,327	(4,471)
Dispatch contract	6,500	6,216	6,216	-
Insurance	118,160	121,580	116,872	(4,708)
Fuel	35,000	28,000	28,250	250
Building maintenance	10,000	5,000	3,483	(1,517)
Equipment maintenance	15,000	41,798	38,016	(3,782)
Vehicle maintenance	22,000	32,000	26,850	(5,150)
Uniform and allowances	14,761	12,000	10,102	(1,898)
Office and computer supplies	20,000	22,000	19,862	(2,138)
Other supplies	500	400	12,989	12,589
Telephone and security system	9,000	9,000	8,812	(188)
Drug Free Kids	4,364	3,000	1,633	(1,367)
Travel and training	15,495	7,000	5,759	(1,241)
Other	<u>29,808</u>	<u>44,206</u>	<u>23,164</u>	<u>(21,042)</u>
	<u>1,183,214</u>	<u>1,102,873</u>	<u>1,057,062</u>	<u>(45,811)</u>

CITY OF WILMORE, KENTUCKY
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY BUDGETARY COMPARISON
GENERAL FUND
for the year ended June 30, 2024

	<u>Enacted Budget</u>	<u>Amended Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance</u>
FIRE				
Salaries	\$ 50,000	\$ 50,000	\$ 48,613	\$ (1,387)
Fringe benefits	3,615	3,750	3,720	(30)
Dispatch contract	8,000	7,500	7,459	(41)
Utilities	13,000	13,000	11,528	(1,472)
Insurance	11,150	11,498	11,294	(204)
Vehicle maintenance and fuel	29,500	26,000	21,190	(4,810)
Travel and training	5,800	6,000	5,415	(585)
Equipment	37,350	37,878	34,062	(3,816)
Other	6,820	7,920	7,796	(124)
	<u>165,235</u>	<u>163,546</u>	<u>151,077</u>	<u>(12,469)</u>
STREETS				
Salaries	218,400	198,000	195,681	(2,319)
Fringe benefits	59,717	54,500	51,103	(3,397)
Insurance	57,170	48,747	48,264	(483)
Utilities	80,000	67,000	62,795	(4,205)
Fuel	28,000	20,000	20,673	673
Vehicle and equipment maintenance	26,500	39,500	36,120	(3,380)
Landscaping	23,000	23,000	20,560	(2,440)
Other	13,500	16,000	13,204	(2,796)
	<u>506,287</u>	<u>466,747</u>	<u>448,400</u>	<u>(18,347)</u>
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT				
Salaries	17,325	17,325	17,233	(92)
Fringe benefits	1,325	1,325	1,318	(7)
Other	78,250	85,911	120,134	34,223
	<u>96,900</u>	<u>104,561</u>	<u>138,685</u>	<u>34,124</u>
PARKS AND RECREATION				
Salaries	92,850	92,850	96,596	3,746
Fringe benefits	19,978	19,978	19,881	(97)
Insurance	17,941	18,091	16,094	(1,997)
Utilities	6,000	5,500	4,945	(555)
Maintenance and repairs	27,000	46,000	36,099	(9,901)
Recreation expenses	42,000	42,000	31,745	(10,255)
Other	1,000	1,000	20,629	19,629
	<u>206,769</u>	<u>225,419</u>	<u>225,989</u>	<u>570</u>
CAPITAL OUTLAY				
General	70,000	39,999	58,998	18,999
Police	-	125,000	127,760	2,760
Streets	-	48,100	48,100	-
Parks and recreation	12,000	8,600	8,600	-
Community development	450,000	143,000	83,812	(59,188)
	<u>532,000</u>	<u>364,699</u>	<u>327,270</u>	<u>(37,429)</u>
DEBT SERVICE	<u>138,000</u>	<u>138,000</u>	<u>137,200</u>	<u>(800)</u>
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	<u>3,463,788</u>	<u>3,234,481</u>	<u>3,123,124</u>	<u>(111,357)</u>
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES	<u>(1,230,359)</u>	<u>(1,079,847)</u>	<u>(948,890)</u>	<u>130,957</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from capital assets	-	8,000	8,000	-
Transfers in, net	1,100,000	1,100,000	1,100,000	-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	<u>1,100,000</u>	<u>1,108,000</u>	<u>1,108,000</u>	<u>-</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	<u>\$ (130,359)</u>	<u>\$ 28,153</u>	<u>\$ 159,110</u>	<u>\$ 130,957</u>

Note: The City originally netted revenue and expense from the Kentucky Transportation Cabinet for the feasibility study, which is included in revenue and expense above.

CITY OF WILMORE, KENTUCKY
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF
PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - NONHAZARDOUS
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)	2015 (2014)	2016 (2015)	2017 (2016)	2018 (2017)	2019 (2018)	2020 (2019)	2021 (2020)	2022 (2021)	2023 (2022)	2024 (2023)
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0395%	0.0399%	0.0387%	0.0388%	0.0383%	0.0383%	0.0389%	0.0396%	0.0358%	0.0360%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 1,283,520	\$ 1,713,809	\$ 1,905,656	\$ 2,274,244	\$ 2,331,307	\$ 2,696,681	\$ 2,982,909	\$ 2,524,873	\$ 2,587,047	\$ 2,312,317
City's covered employee payroll	\$ 907,380	\$ 929,995	\$ 925,216	\$ 951,715	\$ 942,606	\$ 966,304	\$ 996,194	\$ 1,011,522	\$ 989,600	\$ 1,046,073
City's share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	141.45%	184.28%	205.97%	238.96%	247.33%	279.07%	299.43%	249.61%	261.42%	221.05%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	66.80%	59.97%	55.50%	53.32%	53.54%	50.45%	47.81%	57.33%	52.42%	57.48%

CITY OF WILMORE, KENTUCKY
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF
PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - HAZARDOUS
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)	2015 (2014)	2016 (2015)	2017 (2016)	2018 (2017)	2019 (2018)	2020 (2019)	2021 (2020)	2022 (2021)	2023 (2022)	2024 (2023)
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0673%	0.0752%	0.0758%	0.0697%	0.0807%	0.0778%	0.0781%	0.0784%	0.0693%	0.0613%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 808,873	\$ 1,154,625	\$ 1,300,404	\$ 1,559,092	\$ 1,951,743	\$ 2,148,154	\$ 2,354,225	\$ 2,085,802	\$ 2,113,470	\$ 1,653,753
City's covered employee payroll	\$ 340,873	\$ 384,734	\$ 392,999	\$ 382,543	\$ 449,551	\$ 442,895	\$ 456,192	\$ 468,498	\$ 453,626	\$ 430,353
City's share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	237.29%	300.11%	330.89%	407.56%	434.15%	485.03%	516.06%	445.21%	465.91%	384.28%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	63.46%	57.52%	53.95%	49.78%	49.26%	46.63%	44.11%	52.26%	47.11%	53.96%

**CITY OF WILMORE, KENTUCKY
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY
SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS - NONHAZARDOUS
Last Ten Fiscal Years**

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Contractually required employer contribution	\$ 118,574	\$ 114,912	\$ 132,764	\$ 136,489	\$ 156,734	\$ 192,265	\$ 195,224	\$ 209,498	\$ 244,781	\$ 248,287
Contributions relative to contractually required employer contribution	<u>118,574</u>	<u>114,912</u>	<u>132,764</u>	<u>136,489</u>	<u>156,734</u>	<u>192,265</u>	<u>195,224</u>	<u>209,498</u>	<u>244,781</u>	<u>248,287</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
City's covered employee payroll	\$ 929,995	\$ 925,216	\$ 951,715	\$ 942,606	\$ 966,304	\$ 996,194	\$ 1,011,522	\$ 989,600	\$ 1,046,073	\$ 1,063,784
Employer contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	12.75%	12.42%	13.95%	14.48%	16.22%	19.30%	19.30%	21.17%	23.40%	23.34%

**CITY OF WILMORE, KENTUCKY
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY
SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS - HAZARDOUS
Last Ten Fiscal Years**

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Contractually required employer contribution	\$ 79,755	\$ 79,622	\$ 83,050	\$ 99,800	\$ 110,148	\$ 137,132	\$ 140,830	\$ 153,598	\$ 184,234	\$ 170,770
Contributions relative to contractually required employer contribution	<u>79,755</u>	<u>79,622</u>	<u>83,050</u>	<u>99,800</u>	<u>110,148</u>	<u>137,132</u>	<u>140,830</u>	<u>153,598</u>	<u>184,234</u>	<u>170,770</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
City's covered employee payroll	\$ 384,734	\$ 392,999	\$ 382,543	\$ 449,551	\$ 442,895	\$ 456,192	\$ 468,498	\$ 453,626	\$ 430,353	\$ 415,397
Employer contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	20.73%	20.26%	21.71%	22.20%	24.87%	30.06%	30.06%	33.86%	42.81%	41.11%

CITY OF WILMORE, KENTUCKY
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF
PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY - NONHAZARDOUS
Last Eight Fiscal Years

Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)	2017 (2016)	2018 (2017)	2019 (2018)	2020 (2019)	2021 (2020)	2022 (2021)	2023 (2022)	2024 (2023)
City's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	0.0387%	0.0388%	0.0383%	0.0383%	0.0389%	0.0396%	0.0358%	0.0360%
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 612,670	\$ 781,098	\$ 679,832	\$ 644,828	\$ 938,834	\$ 757,969	\$ 706,143	\$ (49,754)
City's covered employee payroll	\$ 925,216	\$ 951,715	\$ 942,606	\$ 966,304	\$ 996,194	\$ 1,011,522	\$ 989,600	\$ 1,046,073
City's share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	66.22%	82.07%	72.12%	66.73%	94.24%	74.93%	71.36%	-4.76%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability (asset)	unavailable	52.39%	57.62%	60.44%	51.67%	62.91%	60.95%	104.23%

The above schedule will present 10 years of historical data, once available.

**CITY OF WILMORE, KENTUCKY
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF
PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY - HAZARDOUS
Last Eight Fiscal Years**

Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)	2017 (2016)	2018 (2017)	2019 (2018)	2020 (2019)	2021 (2020)	2022 (2021)	2023 (2022)	2024 (2023)
City's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	0.0758%	0.0697%	0.0807%	0.0778%	0.0781%	0.0784%	0.0692%	0.0613%
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 344,230	\$ 576,083	\$ 575,401	\$ 575,256	\$ 721,338	\$ 633,506	\$ 589,657	\$ 83,874
City's covered employee payroll	\$ 392,999	\$ 382,543	\$ 449,551	\$ 442,895	\$ 456,192	\$ 468,498	\$ 453,626	\$ 430,353
City's share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	87.59%	150.59%	127.99%	129.89%	158.12%	135.22%	129.99%	19.49%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability (asset)	unavailable	58.99%	64.24%	64.44%	58.84%	66.81%	64.13%	92.27%

The above schedule will present 10 years of historical data, once available.

**CITY OF WILMORE, KENTUCKY
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY
SCHEDULE OF OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS - NONHAZARDOUS
Last Ten Fiscal Years**

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Contractually required employer contribution	\$ 45,756	\$ 42,930	\$ 45,016	\$ 44,303	\$ 50,828	\$ 47,419	\$ 48,148	\$ 57,199	\$ 35,462	\$ -
Contributions relative to contractually required employer contribution	<u>45,756</u>	<u>42,930</u>	<u>45,016</u>	<u>44,303</u>	<u>50,828</u>	<u>47,419</u>	<u>48,148</u>	<u>57,199</u>	<u>35,462</u>	<u>-</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
City's covered employee payroll	\$ 929,995	\$ 925,216	\$ 951,715	\$ 942,606	\$ 966,304	\$ 996,194	\$ 1,011,522	\$ 989,600	\$ 1,046,073	\$ 1,063,784
Employer contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	4.92%	4.64%	4.73%	4.70%	5.26%	4.76%	4.76%	5.78%	3.39%	0.00%

**CITY OF WILMORE, KENTUCKY
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY
SCHEDULE OF OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS - HAZARDOUS
Last Ten Fiscal Years**

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Contractually required employer contribution	\$ 52,247	\$ 49,872	\$ 35,768	\$ 42,034	\$ 46,384	\$ 43,429	\$ 44,601	\$ 47,495	\$ 29,178	\$ 10,717
Contributions relative to contractually required employer contribution	<u>52,247</u>	<u>49,872</u>	<u>35,768</u>	<u>42,034</u>	<u>46,384</u>	<u>43,429</u>	<u>44,601</u>	<u>47,495</u>	<u>29,178</u>	<u>10,717</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
City's covered employee payroll	\$ 384,734	\$ 392,999	\$ 382,543	\$ 449,551	\$ 442,895	\$ 456,192	\$ 468,498	\$ 453,626	\$ 430,353	\$ 415,397
Employer contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	13.58%	12.69%	9.35%	9.35%	10.47%	9.52%	9.52%	10.47%	6.78%	2.58%

CITY OF WILMORE, KENTUCKY
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
June 30, 2024

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Contributions

Contractually required employer contributions reported on the Schedule of Pension Contributions exclude the portion of contributions paid to CERS but allocated to the insurance fund of the CERS. The insurance contributions are reported on the Schedule of OPEB Contributions.

Payroll

The City's covered payroll reported on the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and the Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Schedules is one year prior to the City's fiscal year payroll as reported on the Schedule of Contributions for Pension and OPEB.

2. CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

June 30, 2023 – Pension and OPEB – Hazardous and Nonhazardous

The following change in assumptions was made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2023, for pension:

- The rate of inflation was increased from 2.30% to 2.50%.
- The salary productivity assumption was reduced by .20%, resulting in no change in the salary increase assumption for long-service employees of 3.30% in the non-hazardous funds.
- The individual rates of salary increases were increased during the select period for the CERS funds.
- The investment return assumption was increased from 6.25% to 6.50%.
- The Tier 3 cash balance interest crediting rate assumption was increased to 6.75% for the CERS pension funds.

The following change in assumptions was made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2023, for OPEB:

- The rate of inflation was increased from 2.30% to 2.50%.
- The salary productivity assumption was reduced by .20%, resulting in no change in the salary increase assumption for long-service employees of 3.30% in the non-hazardous funds.
- The individual rates of salary increases were increased during the select period for the CERS funds.
- The investment return assumption was increased from 6.25% to 6.50%.
- The initial healthcare trend rate for pre-65 was changed from 6.20% to 6.8%. The initial healthcare trend rate for post-65 was changed from 9.00% to 8.50%.

June 30, 2022 – Pension and OPEB – Hazardous and Nonhazardous

The following change in assumptions was made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2022, for OPEB:

- The initial healthcare trend rate for pre-65 was changed from 6.30% to 6.40%.

There were no changes in assumptions made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2022, for pension.

CITY OF WILMORE, KENTUCKY
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
June 30, 2024

2. CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2021 – Pension and OPEB – Hazardous and Nonhazardous

The following change in assumptions was made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2021, for OPEB:

- The initial healthcare trend rate for pre-65 was changed from 6.40% to 6.30%. The initial healthcare trend rate for post-65 was changed from 2.90% to 6.30%.

There were no changes in assumptions made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2021, for pension.

June 30, 2020 – Pension and OPEB – Hazardous and Nonhazardous

The following change in assumptions was made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2020, for OPEB:

- The initial healthcare trend rate for pre-65 was changed from 7% to 6.40%, which gradually decreases to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 14 years. The initial healthcare trend rate for post-65 was changed from 5% to 2.90%, which increases to 6.30% in 2023 and then gradually decreases to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 14 years.

There were no changes in assumptions made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2020, for pension.

June 30, 2019 – Pension and OPEB – Hazardous and Nonhazardous

The following changes in assumptions were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2019, for both pension and OPEB:

- The assumed rate of salary increases was increased from 3.05% to 3.3% to 10.3% on average for non-hazardous and 3.05% to 3.55% to 19.05% on average for hazardous.

June 30, 2018 – Pension and OPEB – Hazardous and Nonhazardous

There were no changes in assumptions made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2018, for either pension or OPEB.

June 30, 2017 – Pension and OPEB – Hazardous and Nonhazardous

The following changes in assumptions were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2017, for both pension and OPEB:

- The assumed rate of return was decreased from 7.5% to 6.25%.
- The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 2.3%.
- Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4% to 2%

June 30, 2016 – Pension and OPEB – Hazardous and Nonhazardous

There were no changes in assumptions made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2016, for either pension or OPEB.

CITY OF WILMORE, KENTUCKY
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
June 30, 2024

2. CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2015 – Pension – Hazardous and Nonhazardous

The following changes in assumptions were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2015:

- The assumed rate of return was decreased from 7.75% to 7.5%.
 - The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.5% to 3.25%.
 - The assumed rate of wage inflation was reduced from 1% to .75%.
 - Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.5% to 4%.
 - Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females).
-
- For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 1 year for females).
 - For Disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 4 years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement.
 - The assumed rates of retirement, withdrawal, and disability were updated to reflect experience more accurately.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

**CITY OF WILMORE, KENTUCKY
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
June 30, 2024**

	<u>Street</u>	<u>Cemetery</u>	<u>Total</u>
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 13,057	\$ -	\$ 13,057
Investments - certificates of deposit	-	46,855	46,855
Accounts receivable	<u>16,599</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>16,599</u>
 Total assets	 <u>\$ 29,656</u>	 <u>\$ 46,855</u>	 <u>\$ 76,511</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE			
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Due to other fund	<u>-</u>	<u>84,092</u>	<u>84,092</u>
 Total liabilities	 <u>-</u>	 <u>84,092</u>	 <u>84,092</u>
 Fund balance	 <u>29,656</u>	 <u>(37,237)</u>	 <u>(7,581)</u>
 Total liabilities and fund balance	 <u>\$ 29,656</u>	 <u>\$ 46,855</u>	 <u>\$ 76,511</u>

**CITY OF WILMORE, KENTUCKY
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
for the year ended June 30, 2024**

	<u>Street</u>	<u>Cemetery</u>	<u>Total</u>
REVENUES			
State road aid	\$ 86,410	\$ -	\$ 86,410
Charges for service	-	39,450	39,450
Other	<u>1,427</u>	<u>1,636</u>	<u>3,063</u>
TOTAL REVENUES	<u>87,837</u>	<u>41,086</u>	<u>128,923</u>
EXPENDITURES			
Public works - streets	14,131	-	14,131
Cemetery	-	50,665	50,665
Capital outlay	<u>315,239</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>315,239</u>
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	<u>329,370</u>	<u>50,665</u>	<u>380,035</u>
EXCESS (DEFICIENCIES) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES BEFORE TRANSFERS	<u>(241,533)</u>	<u>(9,579)</u>	<u>(251,112)</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers out, net	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(241,533)	(9,579)	(251,112)
Fund balance-beginning	<u>271,189</u>	<u>(27,658)</u>	<u>243,531</u>
Fund balance-ending	<u>\$ 29,656</u>	<u>\$ (37,237)</u>	<u>\$ (7,581)</u>



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**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL
OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER
MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

To the Mayor and City Council
City of Wilmore
Wilmore, Kentucky

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Wilmore, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Wilmore, Kentucky's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 22, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Wilmore, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Wilmore, Kentucky's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Wilmore, Kentucky's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Wilmore, Kentucky's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

RFH

RFH, PLLC
Lexington, Kentucky
November 22, 2024